

Clippings.

On the 30th of September last the New-York Central Railroad had on hand 174,216 cords of wood, valued at \$573,709 50.

Russell, the Criminal correspondent of the London Times, is recovering from his severe illness at Simsbury.

Divorce cases have constituted the principal business of the Supreme Court, now in session at Salem, Massachusetts, and more than half the applications came from "California widows."

A negro woman belonging to John H. Hudley, near Moresville, Ala., gave birth on the 10th of October, to three living infants—two whites and one black.

A man, name unknown, was run over by a train of cars on the Syracuse and Oswego R. R. last week, and cut entirely in two in the middle.

The Catholic Bishop and priests of New Jersey have decided that it shall be an offence for any members of their flock to hold a wake over the body of a deceased friend, after the 4th day of March next.

The Holyoke Bank of Northampton, Mass., has been placed under temporary injunction. It is believed to be perfectly solvent but has been infringing on the banking laws.

Indiana papers of Monday state immense and almost continuous rains have fallen in Tennessee and Arkansas for the past ten days. All the western rivers are rising.

It appears from the annual report of the N. Y. Central Railroad, that during the year ending September 30th, there were killed, on that road, by collision and otherwise, fourteen employees, and thirty-eight persons not passengers or employees.

The Galena (Ill.) Courier says:—The night of the snow storm, a loaded wagon was left standing on the Plank Road, a few miles from this city. It was completely covered, and on digging it out, the snow was found to be full six feet over the wheels.

At a recent laying of a corner stone of Pilgrim Church in London, England, a note was read from Mrs. Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, indicating £100, and promising another £100, hereafter, towards the erection of the building. The Church was established by suggestion of her late husband while Minister to England.

A colored man named Wm. Anderson an exhorter in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Madison, Ind., was arrested at Louisville on Saturday last. He was taken to Carrollton, from whence it is said he has aided a number of slaves to escape.

The Little Rock Democrat gives the average official vote for Presidential election as follows: Buchanan 21,899, Fillmore 10,790 Buchanan's majority 11,102. The falling from the aggregate vote cast for Governor last August is over 12,000.

There was a frightful railroad collision on the Wilmington and Manchester roads on the evening of the 9th, 98 miles from Wilmington, N. C. Several persons were injured quite badly, and many passengers escaped miraculously by jumping out. The cars were perfect wrecks.

J. A. Gilligan, a young Irishman arrived in New York three years ago with \$13,000 given to him by his father. A day or two since he drowned himself, and seventy-five cents of his last dollar were found on the person. The rest has been dissipated. It lasted pretty well.

It is said that Litz, the eminent composer and pianist, contemplates a speedy visit to America—that is, that he has marked out the United States for a prospecting tour.

Miss May, niece of Joseph Gales, editor of the National Intelligencer, has accepted the terms offered her by the lessee and manager of the Queen's Theatre, (Italian Opera) London, and is engaged to him for three years. A European letter says: Every person, without exception, who has heard Miss May sing, pronounces that she will become the first vocalist of the age.

An enterprising but ignorant South American has sent to an Albany locomotive shop for one hundred "cow catchers." He expects to use them in taking wild cattle on the plains of Paraguay, in place of the lasso.

It is stated that no less than twenty thousand singing birds are disposed of every year in New York. They are raised chiefly in Germany, among the Harz mountains, by the peasants, and are brought over during the summer.

Jeremiah Murphy, being a true Democrat has been employed in the Boston Custom House at two dollars a day for the last two years, and during all that time his thrifty wife Hannah has been drawing her support from the observers of the poor as a "poor widow with three small children."

They have just found her out. The Committee of Patents in the House are about reporting a bill to establish a reciprocity of the privileges of patentees between this country and the British provinces. It is thought there will be no opposition in either branch of Congress, and it is understood that the British Government will readily agree to the proposed arrangement.

A Honolulu paper cautions its readers to examine their cabbage well before cooking them, as centipedes of a large size are frequently concealed amongst the leaves, and describe one that was housed that was six inches in length.

Mr. Robert Raylor, of Totness, England, is "a made man." An old stone tossing about his house for many years, had turned out to be (so the story goes) a blue diamond, worth some \$50,000.

Mrs. Sarah March, of Heath, Mass., is now in her 100th year, but still maintains good eyesight and hearing. Her youngest child is 60, and she has a daughter living, aged 78 years; five generations assembled at her house last summer.

There are 551 rice plantations in Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina, each raising 20,000 and over. There are 13,745 tobacco estates of 3000 pounds each, and over, in Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia. There are 1626 in Maryland.

Recently there has been introduced into the potato-growing districts of Ireland and Scotland, a machine for unearthing this favorite esculent. In construction it is reported to be exceedingly simple, and the assistance of a good plow-horse can be worked to advantage. Without cutting or injuring the roots, it will readily do the work of twenty men in a day. Cultivators are delighted with it, and declare it to be a great saver of time, labor and money.—Exchange.

There have been a great many digging machines introduced into this country from Ireland.

The Terror in Nigger-dom.

The Slave States generally are panic-stricken. Imagination exaggerates the dangers; men, women and children seek places of safety, and the frightened slaves, most of whom know not what it all means, are calling upon the rocks and mountains to hide them from the swift vengeance of the white man's hand.

In Tennessee.—The city council of Clarksville, Tenn., on Dec. 17th, instructed the Recorder to notify the ironmasters and other owners of slaves, that no slave will be permitted to come into the city to remain more than two hours, unless accompanied by a respectable white person, under a penalty of twenty lashes. Slaves having wives and their masters' passes are exempted. Persons having slaves going to and from Christmas festivities are not to allow them to pass through Clarksville unless a respectable white person will keep them together, and not allow them to mingle with the negroes at Clarksville.

Thirty negroes have been arrested at Gallatin, Tenn., on suspicion of being concerned in the conspiracy.

A dispatch from Washington to the New York Tribune says:

The insurrectionary movement in Tennessee obtained more headway than is known to the public—important facts being suppressed in order to check the spread of the contagion and prevent the true condition of affairs from being understood elsewhere. Upward of sixty slaves in the ironworks, belonging to John Bell, were implicated, and nine hung—four by the decision of a court, and five by the mob. Mr. Bell was absent at the time, and is now detained from Washington owing to this cause. These slaves were treated with care and humanity, under strict directions from Mr. Bell, who habitually visited the works where they were employed, during the recesses of Congress. The movement was instigated under what seems an extraordinary delusion, but its design and the plan have been grossly exaggerated by those who inflicted the summary penalties, for which some of them may yet suffer before another tribunal when excitement has subsided.

In Virginia.—Cornelius Hughes, from Connecticut, has been arrested at Alexandria under the charge of inducing slaves to run off.

In Alexandria, a few nights since, forty colored people, of whom six were women, were engaged in a supper, and a patrol of the F. F. V.'s broke in upon them and took twenty-eight to jail. They were all young and had no leader. Not a weapon was found upon them. The next day they were fined \$3.84 each, and each received fifteen lashes. One who had a fit was excused from punishment. The Theological Students formed a patrol, and all meetings, even the religious Sunday gatherings are prohibited. After the fines were paid and the lashes well laid on, the magistrates became satisfied that no harm was contemplated by the negroes, as they were their usual Saturday night frolic. But they did not refund the money nor take back the licks.

The Richmond Enquirer, of Dec. 16th, says:

In Montgomery county and in the vicinity of Williamsburg, facts have been brought to light which warrant the apprehension of an outbreak, and justify the people in the most summary measures of oppression. It is a remarkable circumstance that in all these schemes of meditated insurrection, that Christmas was selected as the day of their accomplishment.

In South Carolina.—The Montgomery Advertiser says: Under our telegraph head will be found the startling intelligence of a negro insurrection in South Carolina. To what extent the insurrectionary spirit of the black population of the State extends, we are not apprised. We trust it is confined to a small extent of country, but our fears are for the worst.

In Texas.—The Galveston News, of Dec. 4th, says:

The rumors of a negro insurrection in Harrison county have led to the appointment of a committee to investigate the matter. The committee report that they find no evidence of any concert of action, or any definite ideas among the negroes of what they would or could do, or of any real intention of doing anything. There had been a good deal of loose talk "about the late election—the prospects of Fremont's election, and the belief of some that they would be free if he was elected."

The committee find no evidence that any white man was implicated with the negroes, but they suggest the necessity for each and every slaveholder keeping a strict watch over his own negroes and premises, and not allowing any negroes but his own to visit his premises without a special permit. They also recommend the keeping up patrols in the several beats of the county, and prohibiting negroes from passing from one plantation to another, and carrying arms, &c. We think these suggestions may be equally applicable to many other counties.

In Louisiana.—The New Orleans Picayune, of Dec. 9th, says:

A great laxity has been permitted too long in the enforcement of the laws against the gathering of blacks, free negroes, and others, in promiscuous crowds, without the presence and authority of whites. These assemblages have been quite frequent in this city, and we hear that hundreds at a time have been known to be gathered together in public places. How many collected in private we have no means of knowing, but we are told that such things are not uncommon.

We have refrained from publishing a great deal which we receive by mails, going to show that there is a spirit of turbulence abroad in various quarters. One lesson is, however, taught which should not be neglected anywhere, although no symptoms may have occurred occasion particular uneasiness. It is that vigilance ought to be exercised everywhere, and that the regulations which law has established for the orderly behavior and subordination of blacks should be strictly administered. They have been very loosely observed in New Orleans. This should be reformed at once, and immediately, and we therefore ask for it the attention of those charged with the duty.

Whitfield, the bogus delegate from Kansas, has introduced a bill into Congress for the appointment of three Commissioners to the President, to visit the Territory and ascertain the amount of loss of property during the recent troubles; the amount to be appropriated by Congress being \$200,000, to pay the damages.

Bloody Affair in Illinois.

MCKINSTRY, Warren Co., Ill., Dec. 12.—A bloody tragedy was performed at the "Baldwin House," in this city, this afternoon. About 2 o'clock the terrible cry of murder was heard, and we all started out to discover the cause. Distant only a few yards, there—weltering in their blood—lay the victims of the most sanguinary single-handed conflict it has been my lot to witness. The circumstances are as follows:—A Mr. Fleming, an elderly gentleman, and two sons about 25 to 28 years of age, had called upon a Mr. Crozier, at his rooms at the Baldwin House, armed each with a loaded pistol, to coerce the latter gentleman into a concession and retraction of a calumny affecting their daughter and sister, with which they charged Mr. C. Mr. C., after some warm language had passed between the parties, did sign a retraction in the presence of a friend whom the Messrs. Fleming had brought with them.

Immediately after delivering the paper into the hands of the friend, the Messrs. F., or one of the brothers, said to Mr. C.: "I am now going to cowhide you," and one of the boys, holding a cocked pistol to his head, directed the other to inflict the threatened punishment, which he immediately commenced. He had struck three or four blows, when C. pulled a dirk-knife from his side pocket, and passing, at the same time, his left arm around the neck of the one who piled the lash, struck the other in the left breast; and, as quick as thought, withdrew the knife, and struck the one who held the pistol a backhanded blow, which reached, as did the first, the heart of his victim.

Both brothers received their death-wounds in less than two seconds and were both bloody corpses in three minutes after they were struck. The old man had gone out into the hall and locked the door, and stood upon the outside, with a pistol to his head, awaiting assistance.

The affair has created an immense excitement here, I assure you. The young man Crozier is under arrest, having surrendered himself into custody, and is to undergo an examination to-morrow. The sympathies of the people are mostly with Crozier. He acts and looks the picture of despair. He is a young man, some 27 or 30 years old, and unmarried. He is said to have been engaged to the lady in question, who is at present out of the State. The other parties were respectable farmers, and two of them, I understand, were church members, in good standing.—Pitt. Let. to Rochester American.

The Baltimore Sun keeps a standing notice at the head of its columns, in which it says "it recognizes no artificial distinctions among the people," &c.; but in another column it advertises "Cash for Negroes," and "\$500 reward" for a negro man, who is described as "good looking, smart and intelligent." The guilt of having been born with a colored skin, we infer from this, is not an "artificial distinction" in Baltimore.

CONVENTION OF JUDGES OF PROBATE.—The Athens Messenger learns that a movement has been made to secure a meeting of the Probate Judges of the respective counties in this State, at Columbus, on the second Tuesday of January next—the object of the Convention being to take "into consideration the many defects in the organization of the Probate Court, and asking the Legislature to remedy them."

Millersburg Market.
MILLERSBURG, Dec. 25.
Flour—\$5.50 to \$6.00. Middling 134.
Rye—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.10. Middling 134.
Corn—\$3.40 to \$3.60. Middling 134.
Oats—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Rye—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Butter—\$1.50 to \$1.75. Middling 134.
Lard—\$1.00 to \$1.25. Middling 134.

Cleveland Market.
CLEVELAND, Dec. 23.
Rye—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.10. Middling 134.
Corn—\$3.40 to \$3.60. Middling 134.
Oats—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Rye—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Middling 134.
Butter—\$1.50 to \$1.75. Middling 134.
Lard—\$1.00 to \$1.25. Middling 134.

New York Market.
NEW YORK, Dec. 22.
Flour—Market very firm, with a fair demand for export and home consumption. Sales of 10,000 bbls at \$6.30 to \$6.50 for superfine; \$6.55 to \$6.80 extra; \$6.85 to \$7.00 superfine Western; \$6.75 to \$7.00 extra. Included in the sales are 5000 bbls superfine State to arrive from Buffalo within sixty days at \$6.95. Sales of 400 bbls Canadian at \$6.40 to \$6.75. Wheat—Market firm. Best milling flour at \$1.10 to \$1.15. Sales of 14,000 bbls at \$1.12 to \$1.15. Rye—Steady. Sales of 5000 bbls at 90c short time.

Barley—Nominally the same.
Corn—Quiet and unchanged. Sales of 1,500 bbls mixed Western in store and delivered at 70¢ to 72¢.
Oats—Unchanged. Sales moderate.
Whisky—Market heavy. Sales of 200 bbls at 30¢.
Pork—Unchanged. Sales of 700 bbls at \$19 to \$19.12 for old mess; \$19.50 to \$19.62 new do. \$19.75 to \$19.87 prime. Best milled flour at \$3.00 to \$3.10. Sales of 100 bbls at \$2.25 to \$2.30 for country prime; \$2.30 to \$2.40 for extra; \$2.40 to \$2.50 for superfine. Sales of 140 bbls beef at \$1.15 to \$1.20. Ohio mess beef at \$2.10.

Dressed hogs—Active at 8c; small sizes of pickled meats at 7¢ to 7.75; for shoulders; 9¢ to 10¢ for hams.
Racon—Firm. Sales of 100 boxes long ribbed middles at 10¢; and 70 boxes clear do at 10.5¢.
Lard—Easier at 12¢ to 12.5¢.

Cincinnati Market.
CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.
Flour—The demand is moderate and prices firm. Exporters seem disposed to hold back for the season now over. The sales comprise 250 bbls at \$5.40; 160 do at \$5.30; 80 do at 100 do at \$5.30. The same at \$5.35; and 100 do at \$5.30. The imports during the last twenty-four hours were 2,637 bbls.
Wheat—The demand continues active, with sales of 1,400 bbls at 23¢, and 410 do from wagons at 22.75—an advance.
Rye—Owing to the mild temperature, together with quite liberal receipts, the market was inactive to-day, and prices were somewhat nominal; purchases could have been made, however, at 10¢ to 10.5¢ lower, but there was a general disposition manifested to hold back. The only sale we heard of was 460, averaging 530 lbs at \$6.50.

Lard—There was an active demand again to-day, and the sales were numerous and at the aggregate, large. The sales comprised 250 bbls at \$1.05; 500 bbls at 11.5¢; 380 bbls and tierces at 10.75¢ and 290 do at 11.1¢. The market closed firm at 11¢ for bulk.
Wheat—A sale of 300 bbls red at \$1.13. Market firm and the receipts very light. White wheat is worth \$1.15 to \$1.18.
Corn—The demand continues active and the market firm at 53¢ for old and 45¢ for new. Sales of 300 and 350 bbls Bay City at \$1.55. The market for Fall is buoyant, and large lots cannot be bought for less than \$1.57. Spring barley is in limited demand at \$1.45. Barley malt is selling at \$1.65 to \$1.70.

Rye—There is a good demand, and market firm at 80¢.
Wheat—The demand is active at 41¢ to 42¢. Sales of 2,100 bbls at 41.5¢.

New Advertisements.

The Difference.

THOSE WHO BUY Clothing made in Pittsburgh and other Eastern cities, are generally so well satisfied therewith that they go back or more. Those buying Clothing made in Akron never do, unless it is to sustain a one-horse branch of an establishment in that place, or get pay for "puffs" which kill faster than arsenic.

DO YOU WANT LIGHT, GET A LAMP of almost any description at COOK'S.

BURNING FLUID THAT IS FLUID AND THAT ain't explosive, at COOK'S.

FOR A GOOD WATCH OF ALMOST EVERY description and price, go to COOK'S.

WILLOW WARE OF ALL KINDS, EXCEPT FINE, and then too, at COOK'S.

MUSIC IN FRONT, BEHIND, AND ALL between the house. Violins, Accordions, Flutes, Fife's, &c. Lots on 'em, at COOK'S.

THAT CLOCK OF YOUR NEIGHBORS' that you admire so much, be picked from a large lot at COOK'S.

EXACTLY SO, EXCLAIMED MRS. PRIZEBLOOM, when Mrs. Swetnam showed her the fine lot of Jewelry, bought at COOK'S.

KEEP IT IN MIND THAT THE PLACE to buy a Genuine Morton's Gold Pen, that are warranted, is at COOK'S.

DON'T PAY A PRICE AND A HALF FOR a Hunter Cased Silver watch, when you can get one that is warranted, for less, at COOK'S.

THE FARMER'S FAMILY PAPER.

THE OHIO FARMER, FOR 1857.

THIS POPULAR Agricultural Family Newspaper, WILL COMMENCE ITS 6TH VOLUME, ON THE 3d DAY OF JANUARY, 1857.

IT WILL BE PRINTED ON NEW TYPE & SUPERB WHITE PAPER.

Its typography will have the cleanness so essential to a Family Paper.

NO PAIN WILL BE SPARED TO IMPROVE ALL THE DEPARTMENTS OF THE

FARMER, And to make it, at once, the most profitable and PLEASANT Farmer's Family Paper, now published.

Sample Numbers, Prospectuses and Circulars, sent gratis to all applicants. TERMS.—One copy, \$2; three copies, \$5; five copies, \$8; and ten copies, \$15, and one to the getter up of the Club. Address THO. BROWN, Editor and Proprietor, Cleveland.

Plain & Ornamental PRINTING, OF ALL KINDS, DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

BALTIMORE OYSTER DEPOT.

H. S. WESTON, AT THE EMPIRE SALOON.

IS THE ONLY AGENT FOR C. S. MALT.

It is celebrated BALTIMORE Oysters for Millersburg and vicinity. Retailers and Families supplied by the Case, Can or Half-Can. None but No. 1 Oysters will be retailed by the dozen. Try 'em. [Sept. 25, 1856—54f.]

Times Change—So do Landlords.

THE AMERICAN HOUSE, MILLSBURG, O.

(Formerly "Western House.") IS NOW KEPT BY

WM. BUTLER & SON.

With particular regard to the wants of the Travelling and Boarding public. Try the House now. Passengers carried free of charge to and from the Cars.

LIVERY STABLE.

There is a Livery Stable kept in connection with the above House. Horses and Vehicles let cheap, and persons taken to any given point in the surrounding country at moderate charges. Sept. 4, 1856—54f.]

TRY THE OHIO CULTIVATOR FOR 1857.

IT IS THE FARMER'S & GARDENER'S OWN PAPER.

Devoted to General Agriculture, Live Stock Gardening, Fruits, &c.

VOLUME XIII FOR 1857.

Will commence on the first of January. Published twice a month, 16 pages and a cover.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR! No other paper of its size and quality is offered so cheaply to Clubs, viz:

Three Copies for \$2; Six Copies for \$4; Nine Copies for \$6; and a Copy sent to the getter-up of every Club of 9. Payment Always in advance.

Inquire at your Post Office, or send for a Specimen and Prospectus, and get up a Club among your neighbors. Now is the time to look out for good reading for the winter.

S. HARRIS, COLUMBUS, O., Editor and Publisher.

TO TEACHERS.

THE Teachers of common schools throughout the county are requested to meet in convention at Millersburg, on the 26th day of December, 1856, for the purpose of interchanging opinions on the subject of School Government—the best mode of teaching, &c. Business of importance to the profession will be transacted. Let every teacher in the county be present, prepared to give in his experience.

D. S. UHL, Sec. Com. Dec. 11, 1856—17d.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

Office C. Z. & C. Railroad Co., AKRON, Dec. 9, 1856.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Cleveland, Zanesville & Cincinnati Railroad for the election of Directors and transaction of other business will be held at the Office of the Company in Akron, on Wednesday, the 14th day of January 1857, at 10 o'clock a.m.

E. MIZE, Sec'y.

Wanted.

ANY quantity of Wheat, Oats, Corn, Beans, Tallow, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Raisins, old Iron, Brass Copper and Pewter, and a little old CASH or anything that any body else want have, at the sign of the Big Coffee Pot. Aug. 21, 1856.

FRESH FISH!

MAKINAW TROUT. WHITE FISH AND PICKLED.

Received daily at the Empire Saloon, and for sale by the Do. H. S. WESTON.

Aug. 21, 1856—11f.

HIDES WANTED!
For which I will pay 5 cents per lb. in cash
Delivered at my Tannery in Nashville, Holmes County, O.
C. WEIRICH.

OPENING OF THE CRYSTAL PALACE

AT MILLERSBURG.

BARNUM GONE TO EUROPE!

THE ELECTION OVER!

The Country Restored to Quietness.

TREMENDOUS RIOT! AT THE DEPOT!

CAUSED BY THE ARRIVAL OF J. E. CLARK

FROM THE Eastern Cities, whence he is daily receiving, opening and displaying the largest, cheapest and best assortment of

Fall & Winter Goods

Ever brought to this or any other western market. Look well to your interest, and call at Clark's and examine his extensive stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Sole Leather. In fact everything that contributes to the

Health and Happiness of Customers.

It is an incontrovertible fact—come and see for yourselves—that you can buy

Calicoes, Muslins, DeLaines, Merinos, Trimmings, Silks, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c., &c.

20 PER CENT. CHEAPER Than at any other House

In this section of the wide world—positively! We would also have you know that we have declared war against high prices on

Broadcloth, Satinet, &c., and that you can save your precious time and money by calling at Clark's before it is too late.

Ladies, stop at the corner, and if you can't make your way through

THE DENSE CROWD AT CLARK'S, Look in at the windows, and feast your eyes on the rare luxuries and bright colors just emerged from the most fashionable emporiums of the East.

J. E. CLARK, Millersburg, Nov. 13, 1856—12d.

NEW GOODS NOW OPENING

AT MAYERS'.

The Assortment is Complete, comprising ALL KINDS OF

Bombazines, Poplins, Trimmings, Alpacaes, DeLaines, Shawls, Bonnet Ribbons, &c.

BOONETS, LACE, EMBROIDERIES, &c.

ALSO, HOUSE-KEEPING

AND DOMESTIC GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Please Call and Examine. Nov. 13, 1856—12d.

BARGAINS! SELLING OFF AT COST!

AT Reimensneider's,

Cor. of Clay and Jackson sts.

REIMENSNEIDER will sell at COST from this date, all the stock of Goods now in his store. All persons wishing to purchase

GOOD GOODS AT COST! Will please give him a call before the bargains are all carried off.

Millersburg, Nov. 10, 1856. nov13:12d

BAKER & WHOLF, Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN SALT FISH, PLASTER, WHITE AND WATER LIME.

PIPER & CO. FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED, &c.

Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, and all kinds of Dried Fruits.

WAREHOUSE, MILLERSBURG, O. Sept. 18, 1856—14f.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to R. REIMENSNEIDER will please make payment to the undersigned, at the Store-room lately occupied by Mr. Reimensneider. WM. F. SMITH, Assignee.

Mr. R. Reimensneider and W. McKee are authorized to receipt for me. WM. F. SMITH, Assignee. Millersburg, Oct. 1, '56. nov13:12d

DR. J. E. CLARK, DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC. MILLERSBURG, OHIO.

Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Nov. 6, 1856—11y.

Preserve your Teeth!

<